



2025 SUPPLEMENT

Achieving a State of Healthy Weight

State Profiles: Child Care Centers



University of Colorado **Anschutz**

College of Nursing

2025 Supplement: Achieving a State of Healthy Weight State Profiles: Child Care Centers

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Introduction

The 2025 *Achieving a State of Healthy Weight* (ASHW) Annual Report¹ marks the sixteenth year of this comprehensive assessment, first initiated in 2010 with *Achieving a Healthy Weight: A National Assessment of Obesity Prevention Terminology in Child Care Regulations*.² Each year, the University of Colorado College of Nursing releases the **Annual Report**, accompanied by three state-specific supplements. These supplements provide detailed data for each state and care type, including Child Care Centers (CTR), Large Family Child Care Homes (LFCCH), and Small Family Child Care Homes (SFCCH). The profiles evaluate how well each state's licensing regulations for early care and education (ECE) programs align with the **High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards (HIOPS)**.

The ASHW assessment team updates state profiles in collaboration with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, **Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity (DNPAO)**. Since the care type-specific supplements were first published in 2019, the following changes have been made:



- **State Profiles** are one-page tables that indicate ratings for all 47 ASHW HIOPS.



- **The HIOPS** are categorized into four sections: Infant Feeding, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Screen Time Limits.



- **For each HIOPS**, rating values are provided for 2010 and the current year. The numerical ratings are color-coded (see the Guide page for details).



In instances where a state does not regulate a specific child care type, a rating of "0" is presented for those HIOPS in the state profile table.



History of ASHW

The evolution of ASHW dates back to the standards outlined in *Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards; Guidelines for Early Care and Education Programs*, 3rd Ed. (CFOC3).³ These standards were specifically drawn from a special collection within CFOC known as *Preventing Childhood Obesity in Early Care and Early Education: Selected Standards from Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards; Guidelines for Early Care and Education Programs*, 3rd Edition (PCO).⁴ Spearheaded by the University of Colorado College of Nursing ASHW assessment team, the development of HIOPS involved collaborative efforts with representatives from key federal agencies and national partners vested in children's wellbeing and healthy development (refer to [Origin of ASHW High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards](#) for more details).⁵





Helpful Resources

- CDC's Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity funds states and communities to advance obesity prevention in ECE settings. See more information at [Making changes in ECE | Early Care and education | CDC](#)
- [High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards \(HIOPS\)](#) for Early Care and Education: Learn more about the science-based HIOPS and discover how they can support child care licensing regulations

How To Use the ASHW 2025 State Supplement

Public health practitioners, licensing officials, and child care providers can use this supplement to support the adoption of science-based obesity prevention standards within statewide Early Care and Education (ECE) systems. These standards—known as [High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards \(HIOPS\)](#)—promote the development of healthy habits early in life among young children.

Each state profile shows the level of support for the 47 HIOPS in [Child Care Centers](#) regulations. This supplement presents these ratings and includes two appendices: 1) state documents rated in 2025 and 2) the years each state was assessed.

[Policymakers and licensing agencies may use the state profile pages to:](#)

1

Identify strengths and areas for improvement to guide the implementation of new or revised child care licensing regulations.

2

Review other states' profiles to identify examples of full alignment with the HIOPS and inform ongoing childhood obesity prevention efforts.

3

Compare ratings across licensed child care types within a state to identify opportunities to strengthen standards across care types.

4

Incorporate language for each HIOPS to better align ECE policies and practices with science-based obesity prevention standards.

A Guide to Understanding the ASHW State Supplement Profile Pages

The state profiles in this supplement present ASHW ratings for each state through 2025. Each profile outlines the level of support for the 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards (HIOPS) within a state's child care regulation, organized by child care type. For states that regulate a given care type across multiple documents, the highest rating is reported, following the [ASHW 2010](#) methodology. To help interpret the layout and features of the state profiles, an annotated example is provided below. Please note: Ratings in this supplement reflect regulations for child care centers that were in effect through December 31, 2025.

Text above the table identifies the state name and type of child care regulations rated in this profile.

Text in the dark blue rows identifies the four major categories of HIOPS.

Text in the light blue rows identifies sub-categories within the major categories, if applicable.

Text in the two left columns provides the label and description for each HIOPS.

[State] At A Glance
Center-based child care licensing regulations and support of 47 high-impact obesity prevention standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		2010	2025
Breastfeeding Support			
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	1	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety. Allow infant to stop the feeding.	2	2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding. Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap.	3	4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	4	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	3
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	1
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards			
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	4
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	4
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3	4
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	3	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	4	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3	4
ND2	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	4
ND3	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3	4
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3	3
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NE3	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF1	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child. Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions.	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	4	4
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4	4
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Develop orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	4
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3	2
PE1	Ensure that infants have supervised tummy time every day when they are awake	4	4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2	2
Limits on Screen-Time (n = 4)			
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	4

Rating Code:
4 Regulation fully meets standard
3 Regulation partially meets standard
2 Regulation does not address standard
1 Regulation contradicts the standard
0 State does not regulate care type

[State] Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRQ, SML); 2014 (CTR); 2023 (CTR, LRQ, SML)

The two right-hand columns display the level of support for HIOPS for both 2010 and current year.

Colors displayed in the cells indicate the level of support for HIOPS (see the legend at the bottom left of the page).

The legend explains the color-coding used in the two right-hand columns for each HIOPS.

The state history of rating for ASHW and a link to a cumulative list of all documents rated since ASHW 2010 are provided here.

References

1. University of Colorado College of Nursing. *2025 Annual Report: Achieving a State of Healthy Weight*. University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus; 2025. <https://nursing.cuanschutz.edu/docs/librariesprovider2/research/ashw/ashw-2025-report.pdf>
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6. University of Colorado College of Nursing. *State Documents Rated for ASHW: 2010 to 2025*. University of Colorado Anschutz Medical Campus; 2026. <https://nursing.cuanschutz.edu/docs/librariesprovider2/research/ashw/ashw-2025-statedocumentsrated.pdf>

STATE PROFILES

ALABAMA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 2
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4 4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 2
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 2
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4 4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	4 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 4
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Alabama Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2018 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2019 (CTR); 2021 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)
 NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

ALASKA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	2	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	4	4
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	4	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	4	4
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Alaska Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

ARIZONA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	4	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	3	3
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2	2
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	4	2
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2	2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2	2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	3	3
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2	2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2	2
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	2
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	4	3
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	4	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	4	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	3	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	1	1
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	2
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3	3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	4	4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Arizona Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG); 2011 (LRG); 2015 (LRG); 2019 (CTR); 2020 (LRG); 2025 (CTR)

STATE PROFILES

ARKANSAS At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010: 2, 2025: 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4, 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4, 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	3, 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3, 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3, 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3, 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3, 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2, 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1, 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1, 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2, 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3, 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3, 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2, 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2, 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3, 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3, 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3, 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4, 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2, 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3, 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3, 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3, 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2, 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1, 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2, 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2, 3
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4, 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3, 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2, 4
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3, 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4, 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2, 3
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2, 3
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2, 4
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	4, 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3, 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3, 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3, 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2, 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2, 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2, 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2, 3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2, 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2, 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2, 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Arkansas Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2011 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2015 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2020 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

CALIFORNIA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 4 2025 4
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 4
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4 4
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 4
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 2
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

California Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); *2017 (CTR); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

COLORADO At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		23
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	24
IB1	Feed infants on cue	44
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	24
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	33
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	23
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	24
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	24
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	23
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	23
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	24
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	22
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	23
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	23
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	23
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	24
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	23
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	23
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	23
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	24
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	24
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	24
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	24
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	24
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	22
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	23
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	22
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	22
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	44
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	23
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	33
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	34
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	44
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	22
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	22
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	22
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	34
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	33
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	34
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	33
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	22
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	24
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	34
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	34
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	23
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	22
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	24

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Colorado Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2015 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2016 (CTR); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2021 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (LRG; SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

CONNECTICUT At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4 4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2 2
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	3 3
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Connecticut Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG); 2017* (CTR, LRG); 2021 (SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

DELAWARE At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	4	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	4	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	4	4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	3	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	4	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3	3
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	4
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	3
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	3
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	4	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	4	4
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	4	3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	3
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	4	4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	4	4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Delaware Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2015 (CTR); 2017 (LRG, SML); 2019 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2020 (CTR); 2021 (LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		2 4
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	2 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	2 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	4 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

District of Columbia Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, SML); 2016 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

FLORIDA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		2 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	2 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 4
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 3
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Florida Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR); 2017 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2019 (LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

GEORGIA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	4	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	4
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	4
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4	4
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Georgia Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2014 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR); 2020 (SML); 2022 (CTR); 2023 (CTR, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

HAWAII At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4 4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4 4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 3
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 2
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Hawaii Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG)
 NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

IDAHO At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
	2010	2025
IA1 Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2	2
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2 Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2	2
IB1 Feed infants on cue	2	2
IB2 Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	2
IB3 Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	2	2
IC1 Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2	2
IC2 Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2	2
IC3 Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2	2
ID1 Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2 Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2	2
ID3 Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2	2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
	2010	2025
NA1 Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2 Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2	2
NA3 Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2	2
NA4 Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	2
NA5 Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	2
NB1 Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2	2
NB2 Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2	2
NB3 Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2	2
NC1 Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2	2
NC2 Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	2
NC3 Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2	2
NC4 Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2	2
ND1 Make water available both inside and outside	2	2
NG1 Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2 Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1 Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2 Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1 Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2	2
NF2 Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2	2
NH1 Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	2
NH2 Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
	2010	2025
PA1 Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	2	3
PA2 Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3 Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4 Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5 Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	2
PC1 Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	2	2
PC2 Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PC3 Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PD1 Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1 Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2 Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
	2010	2025
PB1 Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	2
PB2 Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	2
PB3 Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4 Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Idaho Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2022 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

ILLINOIS At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
	2010	2025
IA1 Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2	4
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2 Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	1	4
IB1 Feed infants on cue	2	4
IB2 Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	2
IB3 Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	4
IC1 Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2 Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	4	4
IC3 Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	3
ID1 Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	4
ID2 Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	1
ID3 Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
	2010	2025
NA1 Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	4
NA2 Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	4
NA3 Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4 Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3	4
NA5 Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	3	4
NB1 Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2 Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3 Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4	3
NC1 Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2 Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3 Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4 Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	4	4
ND1 Make water available both inside and outside	3	4
NG1 Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	4
NG2 Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3	4
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1 Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3	3
NE2 Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1 Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2 Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1 Do not force or bribe children to eat	4	4
NH2 Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4	4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
	2010	2025
PA1 Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2 Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3 Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4 Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5 Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	4
PC1 Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	4
PC2 Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3 Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1 Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3	2
PE1 Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	4	4
PE2 Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
	2010	2025
PB1 Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	4
PB2 Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3 Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	4
PB4 Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Illinois Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2014 (CTR); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

INDIANA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2 2
IB1	Feed infants on cue	3 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2 2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4 4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2 4
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2 2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2 2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2 2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2 2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2 2
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2 2
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	1 1
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2 2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2 2
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2 2
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2 2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2 2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3 3
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 4
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2 2
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	1 1
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4 4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	4 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	4 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard	Indiana Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2022 (CTR, LRG, SML)
3	Regulation partially meets standard	
2	Regulation does not address standard	
1	Regulation contradicts the standard	
0	State does not regulate care type	

STATE PROFILES

IOWA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Iowa Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG)/2012* (SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

KANSAS At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2	2
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2	2
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2	2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2	2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2	2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2	2
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2	2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2	2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2	2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2	2
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	1	1
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Kansas Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

KENTUCKY At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2
		2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2010 2
		2025 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2010 2
		2025 2
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2010 3
		2025 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	2010 4
		2025 4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2010 2
		2025 2
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2010 2
		2025 2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2010 2
		2025 2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2010 2
		2025 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2010 2
		2025 2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2010 2
		2025 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2010 2
		2025 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2010 2
		2025 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2010 2
		2025 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2010 2
		2025 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2010 2
		2025 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2010 2
		2025 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2010 3
		2025 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2010 3
		2025 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2010 4
		2025 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2010 2
		2025 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2010 2
		2025 2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2010 2
		2025 2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	2010 3
		2025 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2010 2
		2025 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2010 2
		2025 2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2010 2
		2025 3
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2010 2
		2025 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2010 4
		2025 3
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2010 1
		2025 1
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2010 2
		2025 2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2010 3
		2025 4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
		2010
		2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	2010 4
		2025 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2010 2
		2025 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2010 2
		2025 3
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2010 2
		2025 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2010 2
		2025 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	2010 3
		2025 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2010 3
		2025 4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2010 3
		2025 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2010 2
		2025 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2010 2
		2025 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2010 2
		2025 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
		2010
		2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2010 2
		2025 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2010 2
		2025 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2010 2
		2025 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2010 2
		2025 4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Kentucky Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR, LRG); 2018 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2021 (CTR, LRG)

STATE PROFILES

LOUISIANA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	1	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	1	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	3
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	3
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Louisiana Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR); 2015 (CTR); 2017* (CTR); 2021 (CTR); 2023 (CTR)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

MAINE At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010: 2, 2025: 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	3
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	4
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Maine Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017 (LRG, SML); 2021 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

MARYLAND At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	4 4
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3 3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 4
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 3
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Maryland Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (LRG)/2012* (CTR, SML); 2015 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG); 2025 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

MASSACHUSETTS At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
	2010	2025
IA1 Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2 Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2	2
IB1 Feed infants on cue	3	4
IB2 Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	2
IB3 Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4	4
IC1 Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2	2
IC2 Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2	2
IC3 Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2	2
ID1 Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2 Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2	2
ID3 Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2	2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
	2010	2025
NA1 Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2 Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2	2
NA3 Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2	2
NA4 Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	2
NA5 Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	2
NB1 Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2	2
NB2 Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2	2
NB3 Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2	2
NC1 Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2	2
NC2 Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	2
NC3 Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2	2
NC4 Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2	2
ND1 Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1 Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2 Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1 Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3	3
NE2 Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1 Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2	2
NF2 Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2	2
NH1 Do not force or bribe children to eat	4	3
NH2 Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
	2010	2025
PA1 Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2 Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3 Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4 Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5 Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	4
PC1 Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2 Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3 Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1 Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1 Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2 Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
	2010	2025
PB1 Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	2
PB2 Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	2
PB3 Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4 Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Massachusetts Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

MICHIGAN At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	4	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	4	3
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	2	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	4
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	3	4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Michigan Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2014 (CTR); 2017*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2019 (CTR); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

MINNESOTA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	3	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	3	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	2	2
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	3	3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Minnesota Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2017*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

MISSISSIPPI At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 4 2025 4
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4 4
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 3
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 3
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 1
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	3 3
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	3 3
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	4 4
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	4 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	4 4
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	4 4
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4 4
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	1 1
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 3
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 3
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	4 4
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4 4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3 3
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3 3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	4 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Mississippi Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR,LRG, SML); 2020 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

MISSOURI At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2
		2025 2
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2
IB1	Feed infants on cue	3
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Missouri Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2016 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

MONTANA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	4	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2	2
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	2	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Montana Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR,LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR,LRG, SML); 2021 (CTR); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2025 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

NEBRASKA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	2
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	2
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	2
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	2
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	2
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	2
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	2
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	2
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3	3
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	2
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Nebraska Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR); 2013 (LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

NEVADA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
	2010	2025
IA1 Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2	4
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2 Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2	4
IB1 Feed infants on cue	2	4
IB2 Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	4
IB3 Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1 Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2 Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2	4
IC3 Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2	4
ID1 Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2 Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2	3
ID3 Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2	4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
	2010	2025
NA1 Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2 Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2	3
NA3 Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2	3
NA4 Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5 Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1 Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2	3
NB2 Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2	3
NB3 Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2	3
NC1 Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2	4
NC2 Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3 Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2	4
NC4 Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2	4
ND1 Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1 Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2 Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1 Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2 Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1 Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	3	4
NF2 Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1 Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2 Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4	4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
	2010	2025
PA1 Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2 Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3 Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4 Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5 Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3	3
PC1 Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2 Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PC3 Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	3
PD1 Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1 Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2 Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
	2010	2025
PB1 Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	2
PB2 Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	2
PB3 Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4 Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Nevada Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2018 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

NEW HAMPSHIRE At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2
		2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	3
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

New Hampshire Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2022 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2025 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

NEW JERSEY At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2
		2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2010 2
		2025 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2010 2
		2025 2
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2010 2
		2025 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	2010 3
		2025 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2010 3
		2025 4
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2010 2
		2025 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2010 2
		2025 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2010 2
		2025 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2010 2
		2025 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2010 2
		2025 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2010 2
		2025 3
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2010 3
		2025 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2010 2
		2025 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2010 2
		2025 4
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2010 2
		2025 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2010 3
		2025 4
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2010 3
		2025 4
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2010 3
		2025 4
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2010 3
		2025 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2010 2
		2025 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2010 2
		2025 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2010 2
		2025 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	2010 3
		2025 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2010 2
		2025 4
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2010 2
		2025 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2010 2
		2025 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2010 2
		2025 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2010 3
		2025 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2010 3
		2025 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2010 3
		2025 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2010 3
		2025 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
		2010 2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 3
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
		2010 2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

New Jersey Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR, LRG); 2017 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTES: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes. NJ LRG ratings removed in ASHW 2019 due to ASHW Policy Change (see Introduction)

STATE PROFILES

NEW MEXICO At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	3 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 4
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4 4
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	3 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3 3
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	4 4
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

New Mexico Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2014 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

NEW YORK At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	4 4
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 3
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3 3
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

New York Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2014 (LRG, SML); 2015 (CTR, LRG); 2017* (CTR)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

NORTH CAROLINA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	4	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	4
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	4
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	4	4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	4	4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

North Carolina Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2018 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

NORTH DAKOTA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	3 3
IB1	Feed infants on cue	2 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2 2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	4 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 3
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2 2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2 2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2 2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2 2
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2 2
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2 2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2 2
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	2 2
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2 2
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2 2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2 2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 3
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2 2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3 3
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2 2
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 3
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	2 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard	North Dakota Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2011 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2020 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)
3	Regulation partially meets standard	
2	Regulation does not address standard	
1	Regulation contradicts the standard	
0	State does not regulate care type	

STATE PROFILES

OHIO At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 2
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	4 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 3
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 2
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 2
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	3 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	4 2
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 4
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 3
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 2
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2 2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	3 3
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Ohio Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2016 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2021 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

OKLAHOMA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2	2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2	2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2	2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2	2
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	4
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	3	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2	4
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	4
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	4
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	4	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Oklahoma Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2016 (CTR); 2017 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2022 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

OREGON At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	1 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	3 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	3 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 4
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Oregon Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (SML); 2021 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2025 (SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

PENNSYLVANIA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010: 2, 2025: 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2
IB1	Feed infants on cue	3
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	4
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	4
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	2
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	2
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Pennsylvania Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2020 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

RHODE ISLAND At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		23
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	34
IB1	Feed infants on cue	34
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	24
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	33
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	33
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	24
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	24
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	24
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	23
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	24
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	22
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	23
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	23
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	23
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	24
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	23
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	23
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	23
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	24
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	24
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	24
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	24
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	44
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	22
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	23
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	22
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	22
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	24
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	23
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	24
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	34
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	44
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	22
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	22
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	22
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	24
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	23
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	34
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	33
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	23
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	22
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	24
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	23
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	23
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	22
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	24

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Rhode Island Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR); 2017 (CTR)/2017*(LRG, SML); 2021 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

SOUTH CAROLINA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	2
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

South Carolina Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (CTR, LRG); 2017 (SML)/2017* (CTR, LRG); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

SOUTH DAKOTA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		23
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	22
IB1	Feed infants on cue	43
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	22
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	44
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	22
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	22
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	22
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	22
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	22
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	22
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	22
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	22
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	22
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	22
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	22
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	22
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	22
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	22
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	22
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	22
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	22
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	22
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	22
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	22
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	22
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	22
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	22
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	22
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	22
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	33
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	33
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	44
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	22
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	22
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	22
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	24
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	32
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	32
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	32
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	22
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	22
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	22
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	22
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	22
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	22
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	22

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

South Dakota Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

TENNESSEE At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	3 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	4 4
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 4
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	4 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4 4
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 3
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 4
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 3
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	4 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 4
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 3
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3 4
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	3 4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Tennessee Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2018 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2022 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

TEXAS At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2	4
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	2	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	3	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	2	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	2	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	3	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4	4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	4	4
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	4
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	4	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	4
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3	4
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	4
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	4	4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	4
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3	4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	4
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	4

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Texas Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2014 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2021 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

UTAH At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)			
Breastfeeding Support		2010	2025
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	3	3
Infant Feeding Practices			
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4	4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4	4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4	4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3	1
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3	3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3	4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3	4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2	2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1	3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1	4
Nutrition (n = 21)			
Nutrition Standards		2010	2025
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2	2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3	3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3	3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2	3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2	4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3	3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3	3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3	3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4	4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	3	4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3	4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3	4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3	3
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2	2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1	3
Healthy Mealtime Practices			
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2	2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2	2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4	4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3	3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3	3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3	3
Physical Activity (n = 11)			
		2010	2025
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4	4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2	2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2	2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2	2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2	4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3	3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2	3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2	2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2	3
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3	3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)			
		2010	2025
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2	3
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2	3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2	2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2	2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Utah Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012*(CTR, LRG); 2017 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2025 (CTR, LRG, SML)

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STATE PROFILES

VERMONT At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		4 4
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	3 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	2 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	2 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	2 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 4
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	2 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	3 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	2 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	2 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	2 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	2 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	2 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	2 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	2 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	3 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	2 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	2 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	2 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	4 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 4
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	2 2
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	3 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3 4
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3 3
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	4 3
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Vermont Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2016 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2017* (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

VIRGINIA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	3 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 2
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	2 2
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	2 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	4 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 3
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	2 2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	2 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Virginia Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR); 2011 (LRG, SML); 2012*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2017*(CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

WASHINGTON At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		24
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	44
IB1	Feed infants on cue	44
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	24
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	44
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	43
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	34
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	44
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	24
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	13
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	14
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	22
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	33
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	33
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	33
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	24
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	23
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	33
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	33
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	44
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	24
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	24
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	24
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	24
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	22
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	33
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	23
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	22
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	24
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	23
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	23
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	33
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	44
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	22
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	22
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	24
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	24
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	33
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	34
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	34
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	22
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	44
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	33
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	24
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	23
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	24
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	24

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Washington Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (LRG, SML); 2017* (LRG, SML); 2019 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2024 (CTR, LRG, SML)
 NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

STATE PROFILES

WEST VIRGINIA At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		23
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	34
IB1	Feed infants on cue	44
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	34
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	33
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	43
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	34
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	34
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	22
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	13
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	14
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	22
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	33
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	33
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	23
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	24
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	33
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	33
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	33
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	44
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	34
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	34
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	34
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	44
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	22
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	14
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	22
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	44
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	44
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	33
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	34
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	34
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	44
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	22
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	22
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	24
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	42
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	33
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	34
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	34
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	24
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	24
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	24
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	34
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	33
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	24
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	22

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

West Virginia Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2014 (CTR); 2017 (LRG, SML); 2023 (CTR, LRG, SML)

STATE PROFILES

WISCONSIN At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 3 2025 3
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	4 4
IB1	Feed infants on cue	4 4
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	4 4
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	3 3
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	3 3
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	3 4
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	3 4
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	2 2
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	1 3
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	1 4
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	2 2
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	3 3
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	3 3
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	2 3
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	2 4
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	3 3
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	3 3
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	3 3
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	4 4
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	2 4
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	3 4
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	3 4
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	4 4
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	2 2
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	1 3
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	2 2
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	2 2
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	4 4
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	3 3
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	3 3
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	3 3
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	4 4
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	2 3
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	2 2
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	2 2
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	4 4
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	3 3
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	3 3
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	2 2
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	4 4
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	2 2
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	3 2
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	3 2
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	2 2
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	2 2

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Wisconsin Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012* (LRG, SML); 2019 (CTR, SML)

NOTES: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes. WI LRG ratings removed in ASHW 2019 due to ASHW Policy Change (see Introduction)

STATE PROFILES

WYOMING At A Glance:

Child Care Center Licensing Regulations and Support of 47 High-Impact Obesity Prevention Standards

Healthy Infant Feeding (n = 11)		
Breastfeeding Support		
IA1	Encourage and support breastfeeding and feeding of breast milk by making arrangements for mothers to feed their children on-site	2010 2025
		23
Infant Feeding Practices		
IA2	Serve human milk or infant formula to at least age 12 months, not cow's milk, unless written exception is provided	22
IB1	Feed infants on cue	44
IB2	Do not feed infants beyond satiety; Allow infant to stop the feeding	22
IB3	Hold infants while bottle feeding; Position an infant for bottle feeding in the caregiver/teacher's arms or sitting up on the lap	23
IC1	Develop plan for introducing age-appropriate solid foods in consultation with child's parent/guardian and primary care provider	32
IC2	Introduce age-appropriate solid foods no sooner than 4 months of age, and preferably around 6 months of age	22
IC3	Introduce breastfed infants gradually to iron-fortified foods no sooner than four months of age, but preferably around six months	22
ID1	Do not feed an infant formula mixed with cereal, fruit juice or other foods without primary care provider's written instruction	22
ID2	Serve whole fruits, mashed or pureed, for infants 6 months up to 1 year of age	22
ID3	Serve no fruit juice to children younger than 12 months of age	22
Nutrition (n = 21)		
Nutrition Standards		
NA1	Limit oils by choosing monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats and avoiding trans fats, saturated fats and fried foods	22
NA2	Serve meats and/or beans - chicken, fish, lean meat, and/or legumes (such as dried peas, beans), avoiding fried meats	22
NA3	Serve other milk equivalent products (yogurt, cottage cheese) using low-fat varieties for 2 years of age and older	22
NA4	Serve whole pasteurized milk to twelve to twenty-four month old children who are not on human milk or prescribed formula, or serve reduced fat (2%) pasteurized milk to those who are at risk for hypercholesterolemia or obesity	22
NA5	Serve skim or 1% pasteurized milk to children two years of age and older	22
NB1	Serve whole grain breads, cereals, and pastas	22
NB2	Serve vegetables, specifically, dark green, orange, deep yellow vegetables; and root vegetables, such as potatoes and viandas	22
NB3	Serve fruits of several varieties, especially whole fruits	22
NC1	Use only 100% juice with no added sweeteners	22
NC2	Offer juice (100%) only during meal times	22
NC3	Serve no more than 4 to 6 oz juice/day for children 1-6 years of age	22
NC4	Serve no more than 8 to 12 oz juice/day for children 7-12 years of age	22
ND1	Make water available both inside and outside	22
NG1	Limit salt by avoiding salty foods such as chips and pretzels	22
NG2	Avoid sugar, including concentrated sweets such as candy, sodas, sweetened drinks, fruit nectars, and flavored milk	22
Healthy Mealtime Practices		
NE1	Teach children appropriate portion sizes by using plates, bowls & cups that are developmentally suited to their nutritional needs	22
NE2	Require adults eating meals with children to eat items that meet nutrition standards	22
NF1	Serve small-sized, age-appropriate portions	24
NF2	Permit children to have one or more additional servings of the nutritious foods that are low in fat, sugar, and sodium as needed to meet the caloric needs of the individual child; Teach children who require limited portions about portion size and monitor their portions	22
NH1	Do not force or bribe children to eat	43
NH2	Do not use food as a reward or punishment	33
Physical Activity (n = 11)		
PA1	Provide children with adequate space for both inside and outside play	44
PA2	Provide orientation and annual training opportunities for caregivers/teachers to learn age-appropriate gross motor activities and games that promote physical activity	32
PA3	Develop written policies on the promotion of physical activity and the removal of potential barriers to physical activity participation	22
PA4	Require caregivers/teachers to promote children's active play, and participate in active games at times when they can safely do so	22
PA5	Do not withhold active play from children who misbehave	34
PC1	Provide daily for all children, birth to 6 years, two to three occasions of active play outdoors, weather permitting	23
PC2	Allow toddlers 60-90 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	22
PC3	Allow preschoolers 90-120 minutes per 8-hour day for moderate to vigorous physical activity	22
PD1	Provide daily for all children, birth to six years, two or more structured or caregiver/ teacher/ adult-led activities or games that promote movement over the course of the day—indoor or outdoor	22
PE1	Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)	22
PE2	Use infant equipment such as swings, stationary activity centers, infant seats, molded seats, etc. only for short periods if at all	33
Limits on Screen Time (n = 4)		
PB1	Do not utilize media (television [TV], video, and DVD) viewing and computers with children younger than 2 years	22
PB2	Limit total media time for children 2 years and older to not more than 30 min. weekly	22
PB3	Use screen media with children age two years and older only for educational purposes or physical activity	22
PB4	Do not utilize TV, video, or DVD viewing during meal or snack time	22

Rating Code:

4	Regulation fully meets standard
3	Regulation partially meets standard
2	Regulation does not address standard
1	Regulation contradicts the standard
0	State does not regulate care type

Wyoming Regulation Rating History: 2010 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2012 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2013 (CTR, LRG, SML); 2022 (CTR, LRG, SML)

NOTE: A starred date (i.e., 2012* and/or 2017*) signifies rating changes assigned to noted care type(s) due to CACFP improvements only; revised documents also were rated for CACFP changes.

State Assessment Years: 2010 to 2025

This table shows the years states were assessed based on changes to licensing regulations for any child care type. The assessment period for this report is January 1 to December 31, 2025. States with outdated ratings were also reassessed to align with current methodology. For a full list of documents rated in 2025, see Appendix B.

Years Rated																
State	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Alabama	X		X						X	X		X		X		
Alaska	X		X					X							X	
Arizona	X	X								X	X					X
Arkansas	X	X				X		X			X					
California	X		X					X						X		
Colorado	X		X			X	X	X				X			X	
Connecticut	X		X					X				X		X	X	
Delaware	X		X			X		X		X	X	X				
D.C.	X						X	X								
Florida	X		X	X				X		X						
Georgia	X		X		X			X			X		X	X		
Hawaii	X		X					X						X	X	
Idaho	X												X	X		
Illinois	X				X									X		
Indiana	X												X			
Iowa	X		X					X							X	
Kansas	X		X	X											X	
Kentucky	X			X					X			X				
Louisiana	X		X			X		X				X		X		
Maine	X		X					X				X				
Maryland	X		X			X		X						X		X
Massachusetts	X														X	
Michigan	X		X		X			X		X					X	
Minnesota	X		X					X							X	
Mississippi	X		X	X							X					
Missouri	X						X							X		

State assessed at baseline (2010) for all regulated child care types

State assessed due to new or revised licensing regulations

State assessed due to national CACFP updates

State Assessment Years: 2010 to 2025 (continued)

Years Rated																
State	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Montana	X		X					X				X			X	X
Nebraska	X		X	X				X							X	
Nevada	X		X						X						X	
New Hampshire	X							X					X			X
New Jersey	X			X				X								
New Mexico	X		X		X			X							X	
New York	X			X	X	X		X								
North Carolina	X		X	X				X	X					X		
North Dakota	X	X									X			X		
Ohio	X		X				X					X				
Oklahoma	X						X	X					X			
Oregon	X		X					X				X			X	X
Pennsylvania	X										X			X		
Rhode Island	X		X	X				X				X		X	X	
South Carolina	X		X					X							X	
South Dakota	X													X		
Tennessee	X								X				X			
Texas	X		X		X							X		X	X	
Utah	X		X					X								X
Vermont	X						X	X								
Virginia	X		X					X							X	
Washington	X		X					X		X					X	
West Virginia	X		X		X									X		
Wisconsin	X		X							X						
Wyoming	X		X	X									X			

State assessed at baseline (2010) for all regulated child care types

State assessed due to new or revised licensing regulations

State assessed due to national CACFP updates

State Documents Rated in 2025 for Achieving a State of Healthy Weight (ASHW)

The list below shows the documents rated in 2025 because they contained regulatory changes affecting one or more HIOPS. In total, the ASHW team reviewed more than 40 regulatory documents across 20 states in 2025; however, only documents with changes affecting HIOPS ratings were included in the assessment below. A full list of all documents rated since 2010 is available on the ASHW website.⁶

The ASHW assessment team actively identifies new and revised documents through website searches, email outreach, and direct communication with state licensing agencies. Occasionally, the team may miss regulations during the year they take effect. When that happens, the team screens and rates those documents for inclusion in the ASHW report for the year they are discovered. If state licensing personnel know of any missed documents, please contact the assessment team at healthyweight@cuanschultz.edu.

State	Regulation Document Title For links to states' documents, click here	Document Date	ASHW Year	Child Care Types		
				C T R	L R G	S M L
AZ	Arizona					
	Arizona Administrative Code and Arizona Revised Statutes for Child Care Facilities	8/3/2025	2025	X		
MD	Maryland					
	Title 13A State Board of Education Subtitle 16 Child Care Centers	10/9/2025	2025	X		
	Title 13A State Board of Education Subtitle 18 Large Family Child Care Homes	3/17/2025	2025		X	
	Title 13A State Board of Education Subtitle 15 Family Child Care	3/17/2025	2025			X
MT	Montana					
	Licensure of Day Care Facilities	5/1/2025	2025	X	X	X
NH	New Hampshire					
	Title 17, Chapter 892.2 Licensing of Group Child Care Centers and Group Child Care Homes	8/26/2025	2025	X	X	X
OR	Oregon					
	Rules for Registered Family Child Care Homes	7/1/2025	2025			X
UT	Utah					
	R381-100 Child Care Centers	5/21/2025	2025	X		
	R430-90. Licensed Family Child Care	7/28/2025	2025		X	
	R430-50 Residential Certificate Child Care	5/8/2025	2025			X

CTR=Child Care Centers, LRG=Large Family Child Care Homes, SML=Small Family Child Care Homes



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